



# Welcome to LOR 101 an Introduction to Light O Rama



# **Objectives**

- Introduce Computer Control concepts and terminology
- Introduce the Light-O-Rama product line and what it can do for your display
- Discuss how to set up a basic light show with Light-O-Rama products.



## **Intro to Computer Control**

Consider a basic Circuit:





# **Intro to Computer Control**

- In computer control, the computer becomes the switch!
- Allows for very precise timing control
- Allows for dimming and special effects
- Computer can control many circuits simultaneously





# **Types of Animation**

- Basic Animation
  - Chasing lights or shrubs
  - Waving Santa or Animated Train



#### Musical Animations

- Display, or portions of it, synchronized to music
- Changes a static display into a multimedia experience, or "light show"



## What is Light-O-Rama?

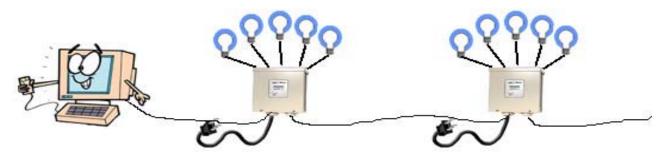


Light-O-Rama is a Hardware and Software solution for computerizing lighting displays



# What is Light-O-Rama?

- Light-O-Rama is a distributed system.
  - Lighting controllers and other hardware devices connect together with phone or Ethernet cable.
  - Controllers can be placed near lights (in a weatherproof enclosure) to greatly reduce power cabling
  - If you control the lights with a computer, you only need a single thin control cable going outside.



1007



# **Light-O-Rama Hardware**

















# Light-O-Rama Lighting Controllers

- The "light switches" that will actually control your lights.
  - ❖ A controller will control a group of lights
  - Controllers can be used together to control small and large displays
  - Controllers provide full dimming capability, as well as other special effects.
  - Some controllers provide provision for inputs, to create interactive displays.
  - ❖ Each controller can be assigned a unique unit number to distinguish it from other controllers on the network.



#### **Controllers - "Showtime" Series**

- "Plug and Play" controllers are ready to connect together, attach lights, and work.
- Best if you're not comfortable assembling your own controllers, or want to save time
- Available in weatherproof enclosures for placing near lights, if desired.





### **Controllers – "Hobbyist" Series**

- Consist of a complete circuit board only
- User must provide enclosure and connections for power and lights
- For users who are familiar with working with electricity, as there are exposed electrical parts which could be dangerous
- Best for users who want to save money, who find satisfaction in building their own controllers, or have special needs not met by the Showtime products.



# Controllers – "Hobbyist" Series

- Connect a power plug to power the board and lights
- Connect receptacles so lights can be attached easily
- Place in an enclosure



A Hobbyist board in an enclosure assembled by Tim Fischer, a LOR user.



# **Computer Interface**

- Connects computer to Light-O-Rama network
- Used to either directly control the lights from the computer via the lighting controllers, or to program controllers or other devices on the





# **MP3-Director Show Player**

- New for 2006 (LOR-MP3-DIR)
- Allows you to run a music-synchronized light show without a dedicated computer
- Unit is programmed by connecting it to a computer, and shows are stored on memory cards
- Once programmed, the unit can be disconnected and will control the show and play music files with no computer attached



# **DMX Lighting Interface**

- New for 2006
- DMX is a lighting control standard used in concerts, theater productions, dance clubs, etc
- Allows Light-O-Rama software to control DMX devices, such as robotic lighting, theatrical effects, etc
- When programming shows, the DMX channels will appear as standard Light-O-Rama channels



# Digital I/O Card

- ○New for 2006
- Like a lighting controller, but allows control of non-lighting inductive loads such as motors or low voltage devices
- Connects to a Light-O-Rama network



## Non Light-O-Rama Hardware

- Light-O-Rama can control several other varieties of hardware
- The devices will appear as standard Light-O-Rama channels when programming sequences
- Types supported:
  - X-10 Hardware
  - Digital I/O Cards
  - Dasher boards (v2.0 and prior)
- Some features may not be available, if the hardware doesn't support it (e.g. dimming)



#### Channel

- Represents a particular circuit on a particular controller, which you can have lights hooked up to.
- Used to abstract the hardware from the programming – channels can be assigned to various controllers, and later reassigned to a different controller without reprogramming the effects on the channel.



#### Channel

- A channel can be a circuit on:
  - Light-O-Rama controller
  - DIO card
  - ❖ X-10 module
  - etc.
- Conceptually assigned to an element in your display
  - Red tree lights
  - Train Smoke Frame 1
  - Big Star



#### Sequence

- A sequence is a string of commands that will be sent to lights
  - Example: a sequence may command the lights to turn on when the sequence starts, turn off a second later, stay off for a tenth of a second, start twinkling for the next two seconds, and then fade up, from completely off to completely on, during the next five seconds.
- May control different groups of lights separately, but at the same time.



#### Musical Sequence

- 'Musical sequences are associated with songs (or other sound effects); the lights can be set up to turn off and on (and do other effects) in sync with music.
- Only one musical sequence can be running at a time.



#### Animation Sequence

- Not associated with music or sound.
- Many animation sequences can run at once, and can run at the same time as a musical sequence.
- May contain loops



## Show

- A show is a collection of sequences (animation or musical) set up to run at the same time, or in sequence.
- A "package" of sequences that can be scheduled to run at a given time.
- Many different shows can be created and scheduled separately.



#### Schedule

- The "master calendar" for your light show.
- Various shows can be scheduled at different times, either as a one-time event or a repeated event.
- Created with the Light-O-Rama Scheduler utility



**Schedule Shows** Sequences **Channels Circuits/Lights** 

**LOR Training** 



# Standalone or Computer-controlled

#### Computer-controlled

- A computer is directly sending instructions to the lighting controllers, and providing the audio for a musical-synced show
- Best to have a dedicated computer

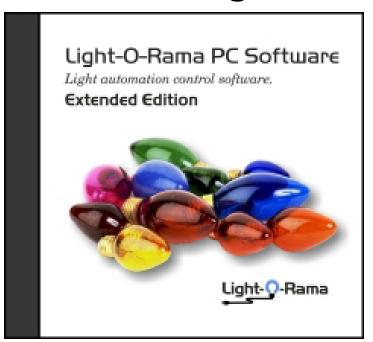
#### Standalone

- Show is created on a computer, and downloaded into a lighting controller or the MP3 Show Controller
- The controller can control other lighting controllers to provide for a full light show
- No computer is necessary once the show is downloaded into the controllers.



# Light-O-Rama Software – A Software Suite

A Number of different programs make up the Light-O-Rama Software Package





# **Sequence Editor**

- Creates lighting sequences (animation or musical)
- Uses a grid (spreadsheet-like) mechanism to instruct the controllers what events to perform and when
- Assigns the various controller circuits to channels
- Contains utilities to visualize your display without having lights connected



#### **Show Editor**

- Takes sequences, and groups them into a show.
- Allows you to set up the order sequences run in, set special pre and post-show sequences, etc



#### Scheduler

- Sets the master schedule for when shows should run
- Allows great flexibility for how to run your display.
- Musical shows will finish the current sequence before ending



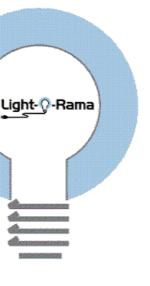
# **Hardware Utility**

- Used to configure and manage the hardware you use to control your lights.
- Used to assign controller ID on some boards.
- Contains utilities to test controllers, locate controllers on the network, and send basic commands.
- Used to download sequences into a controller for standalone use.



# **Light-O-Rama Control Panel**

- Task-bar utility
- Provides quick access to the other Light-O-Rama software pieces
- Runs the schedule and controls the lights during a light show (for a direct computer-controlled show).



# The End